*<em>Völkisch Observer</em>*, Sept. 29, 1923, page one

“Dr. von Kahr and Crown Prince Rupprecht: A Statement from Dr. von Kahr”

<p> In various conversations in recent days Dr. von Kahr has stated what he is doing, whether he is doing it with the approval of the King, he considers himself his regent…

<p>We have stated, from the first moment of our appearance, that the current struggle in Germany is not a struggle about form, but rather about substance, namely the struggle of the Jewish-internationalist and the <em>Völkisch</em>-German conception. The Republic form and the Monarchy form may play out their conflict, but this only signifies a concealing and a mostly well-known silencing of the real and unbridgeable substantive dichotomy. If it was this conflict over form that was decisive for the salvation of the German Fatherland, then it could be resolved by a popular referendum on the form of government.

<p>As opposed to the whole vulgar, dishonorable Marxist leadership, we have defended the merits of the houses of Hohenzollern and Wittelsbach; as to Frederick I, Kaiser Wilhelm I and King Ludwig I, we have held them in highest honor. But we have left no doubt about our viewpoint, that to play around now with the imposition of a monarchy, or to pass oneself off as an official of the monarchy, would be a crime against the Fatherland as well as against the monarchical concept in particular, which the officials think they are serving. . .

<p>Adjacent article: “France and Hitler”

<p>Dateline: Paris, Sept. 28th

<p> In informed circles it is said that the danger of a civil war in Germany, even in the event of a successful putsch in Bavaria, is actually non-existent.

<em> “Le Temps” on the other hand reckons with the possibility that Germany could undertake a war with France (!)

<p>If Hitler succeeds in seizing for himself the leadership of the nationalist movement, then a battle against the left-wing parties and against France could also set in.</p><br>